## **Scalability and Speedup Analysis**

Amdahl's Law: Fixed Problem Size

$$W = \mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a})W$$

a sequential execution(1- a) parallel execution

Fixed Problem Size Work Per Processor

$$W_{1} = W$$

$$W_{n} = aW + (1-a)\frac{W}{n}$$

$$\frac{T_{n}}{W_{n}} = \frac{T_{1}}{W_{1}}$$

$$S_{n} = \frac{T_{1}}{T_{n}} = \frac{W_{1}}{W_{n}} = \frac{W}{aW + (1-a)\frac{W}{n}}$$

$$S_{n} = \frac{T_{1}}{T_{n}} = \frac{W_{1}}{W_{n}} = \frac{n}{na + (1-a)} = \frac{n}{1 + (n-1)a}$$

$$S_{n \to \infty} \Longrightarrow \frac{n}{na} = \frac{1}{a}$$

Adding Overhead

$$S_{n} = \frac{T_{1}}{T_{n}} = \frac{W_{1}}{W_{n}} = \frac{W}{aW + (1 - a)\frac{W}{n} + T_{0}} = \frac{1}{a + \frac{(1 - a)}{n} + \frac{T_{0}}{W}}$$
$$S_{n \to \infty} = \frac{n}{1 - a + na + n\frac{T_{0}}{W}} \Longrightarrow \frac{1}{a + \frac{T_{0}}{W}}$$

## Gustafson's Law: Fixed Time

Fixed Time

Originally: 
$$W_{ref} = W$$

With n Nodes in the Fixed Time:  $T_n = W \cdot k$  and  $W_{new} = \mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a})nW$ Equivalent Sequential Time for New Workload:  $T_1 = W_{new} \cdot k = [\mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a})nW] \cdot k$ 

$$S_n = \frac{T_1}{T_n} = \frac{W_{new} \cdot k}{W \cdot k} = \frac{\mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a})nW}{W} = \mathbf{a} + (1 - \mathbf{a})n$$
$$S_{n \to \infty} = \mathbf{a} + (1 - \mathbf{a})n \Longrightarrow (1 - \mathbf{a})n$$

Adding Overhead

$$S_{n} = \frac{T_{1}}{T_{n}} = \frac{aW + (1 - a)nW}{W + T_{0}} = \frac{a + (1 - a)n}{1 + T_{0}/W}$$
$$S_{n \to \infty} = \frac{a + (1 - a)n}{1 + T_{0}/W} \Rightarrow \frac{(1 - a)n}{1 + T_{0}/W}$$

## Sun and Ni's Law: Memory Bounding

Fixed Time

Originally: 
$$W = \mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a})W$$

With n Nodes and scaled workload:  $W_n = \mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n) \cdot \frac{W}{n}$  and  $T_n = W_n \cdot k$ 

Equivalent Sequential Time:  $W_1 = \mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n) \cdot W$  and  $T_1 = W_1 \cdot k$ 

$$S_n = \frac{T_1}{T_n} = \frac{W_1 \cdot k}{W_n \cdot k} = \frac{\mathbf{a}W + (1-\mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n) \cdot W}{\mathbf{a}W + (1-\mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n) \cdot \frac{W}{n}} = \frac{\mathbf{a} + (1-\mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n)}{\mathbf{a} + \frac{(1-\mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n)}{n}}$$

Adding Overhead

$$S_{n} = \frac{T_{1}}{T_{n}} = \frac{aW + (1-a) \cdot G(n) \cdot W}{aW + \frac{(1-a) \cdot G(n) \cdot W}{n} + T_{0}} = \frac{a + (1-a) \cdot G(n)}{a + \frac{(1-a) \cdot G(n)}{n} + \frac{T_{0}}{W}}$$

Cases:

$$G(n) = 1:$$

$$S_n = \frac{T_1}{T_n} = \frac{\mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot 1 \cdot W}{\mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{W}{n}} = \frac{n}{1 + (n - 1)\mathbf{a}}$$
Amdahl's Law

$$G(n) = n:$$

$$S_n = \frac{T_1}{T_n} = \frac{\mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot n \cdot W}{\mathbf{a}W + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot n \cdot \frac{W}{n}} = \mathbf{a} + (1 - \mathbf{a})n$$
Gustafson's Law

$$G(n) > n: \qquad S_{n \to \infty} = \frac{T_1}{T_n} = \frac{n\mathbf{a} + n \cdot (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n)}{n\mathbf{a} + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n)} \Longrightarrow \frac{n \cdot (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n)}{n\mathbf{a} + (1 - \mathbf{a}) \cdot G(n)}$$